## PROVISION FOR 65,000 MEN

No Necessity for a Reduction to 27,000 and New Enlistments.

THE PRESIDENT'S PROMISE

The statement in explanation of the delay in recruiting the provisional volunteer force of the army for service in the Philippines, that a failure on the part of Congress t make other provisions for the retention of the regular army at 65,000 made it necessary to discharge all but 27,000 of the regulars and then to fill their places by new enlistments, is incorrect.

Substantially this statement was made originally in an interview credited to Postmaster General Smith, published two of three weeks ago, and has been generally assumed to be correct and been widely commented on. Mr. Smith's paper makes a similar statement this morning editorially, and this explanation of the delay in getting troops for service in the Philippines has been widely adopted by public men in inter

views and writings.

The fact is that Congress provided explicitly in the act approved March 2, 1899, authority for the President to "maintain" the regular army at the maximum of 65,900 enlisted men, and relieved the President of the necessity, by reason of law, of reducing the regular army when peace with Spain

No such wholesale discharge of regular troops occurred at the close of the Spanish

#### Mr. Smith's Statement.

Postmaster General Smith, in his inter view, is quoted as saying, in response to criticisms based on there being no call for volunteers: "They do not know that the army bill which passed on the 2d of March practically compelled the reorganization of a new army, nearly a fourth as large as that which was raised for the Spanish war. They do not know that under the law au-thorizing the creation of the army for the Spanish war all the regulars above 27,000, as well as all the volunteers, had to be mustered out at the ratification of the peace treaty, and that, while the new army bill provides for 65,000 men, the whole number above 27,000 has to be raised afresh." He further says that 40,000 men had to be enlisted on account of this state of the

aw. The law itself and the department records show this to be inaccurate. The law that existed when the army was raised for the Spanish war provided that the maximum strength of the army-65,000 men-should of be maintained except in time of war. If there had been no new law the regular rmy would have had to be reduced to 27, 000 when peace with Spain was declared. The act of March 2, 1899, provided against that. After providing the various details of organization the act seys:

That, to meet the present exigencies of the military service, the President is hereby authorized to maintain the regular army at a strength of not exceeding 65,000 en-listed men, to be distributed," etc. It provides for the retention or appointment of officers, the continuance of services, etc. There were no discharges from the regular army, it is said at the department, on account of any provision or lack of pro-vision in this law for the continuance of the regulars in service

#### The President's Promise. The law under which the army was orig-

inally enlarged provides for three-year terms of enlistment. There were a number of discharges from the regular army at the close of the war, but this was not on account of any law or lack of law, but was in fulfillment of a promise made by the President at the time of their enlist-

The exact number of discharges under were probably 10,000 or 12,000 in all, and is said that nearly all so discharged immed-iately re-enlisted. They were discharged and re-enlisted generally on the same day, this formality being necessary to secure them their travel allowance. They, there fore, required no new equipment nor break

The reason for the promise of the President was that at the beginning of the Spanish war every one wanted to enlist in the volunteer rather than the regular army. To overcome the objections to enlistment in the regular service the Presi dent announced in the recruiting order that he would not insist upon the legal three years' service, though the enlistments must be for that time, but would discharge all who asked to be discharged after the close of the war with Spain.

This announcement was made in general order No. 40, issued May 10, 1898, before any Philippine was thought of. It did not apply to enlistments that had been made before that date, and it had no legal status. The general order says: General orders, No. 40, headquarters of the army, adjutant general's office, Washington, May 10, 1898. II. By direction of the Secretary of War, it is announced that men enlisted or re-enlisted in the regular army during the war may be informed that they will be granted their discharges, if desired, at the close of the war, upon their individual ap-

By command of Major General Miles: H. C. CORBIN, Adjutant General.

### RUSHING TROOPS TO MANILA. Gen. Miles Confers With the Presi

dent on the Subject. It developed today that Major Gen. Miles conference with the President yesterday related to the method of dispatching troops to the Philippines in order to have an effective force on hand for the resumption of active operations as soon as the rainy season ends. Briefly Gen. Miles' plan is to vend the troops across the Pacific by battalions, that is, he purposes that as soon as a battalion of a regiment has been recruited it shall be officered, sent to San Francisco and put aboard a transport as rapid-ly as possible, and the recruiting be con-tinued until another battalion and then a third battation have been enlisted and dis

By following this plan the general claims that transports could be kept busy and always loaded with recruits for the Philip-pines, so that by the time the enlistments have been completed a large number of them will already have been landed in the Philippines, and there will have been no great delay in dispatching the remainder.

General Brooke has been communicated with at Havana and required to furnish an estimate of the number of regular troops which can be spared for garrison duty in that island. The idea is to reduce the num-ber of soldiers in Cuba to the minimum, in order to have them in this country in readiorder to have them in this country in read-ness to reinforce the Philippine army. Gen-eral Brooke replied yesterday that he could spare four or five battalions, but it is feared that it is now too late to make the change, on account of the danger of bringing yellow fever into this country.

### WILL MEET IN PHILADELPHIA.

Priests' Eucharistic League Conven-

tion Postponed to October 18. CINCINNATI, Ohio, July 19.-The third annual convention of the Priests' Eucharistic League, which was to have taken place this summer, has been postponed to October 18 and 19 next, and will be held at Philadelphia, Pa. Very Rev. Henry Brinkmeyer will represent the Cincinnati dio-cese and the Right Rev. Camilus P. Maes, D.D., of Covington, Ky., the protector of the league, will preside over the convention, which will be conducted at the St. Peter and St. Paul's Cathedral.

#### MR.TRENTANOVE SUES FOR DIVORCE Papers in the Suit Relegated to th

Secret Files of the Clerk. Gaetano Trentanove this afternoon instituted proceedings for divorce against Emilia Trentanove. By order of the court the papers in the case were relegated to the secret files of the clerk's office.

Organization of the New Volunteer Regiments Completed.

Capt. Kennon, 5th Infantry, Chosen by the President.

The President today completed the organzation of the ten new volunteer regiments by the appointment of Captain William E. Birkhimer of the 3d Artillery to be colonel of the 28th Infantry and Captain Lyman W. V. Kennon, 6th Infantry, to be colone

of the 34th Infantry. Colonel William E. Birkhimer was born in Ohio and served as a private, Company M of the 4th Iowa Cavalry, from March, 1864, to August, 1865. He entered West Point a year later, and upon graduation in 1870 was assigned to the 3d Artillery, with which regiment he has continued to serve up to the present time. He served with his regiment on its various eastern and southern stations, and has also been on duty as in structor at West Point, on signal duty for four years and was for four years acting judge advocate of the department of Columbia. He has been with his regiment in the Philippines since June, 1898, where ne is acting inspector general and judge advocate of the 8th Army Corps. He has been highly commended for his gallant service in the Philippine Islands, and was especially recommended for promotion by Major Gen-eral Lawton for gallantry.

#### Well Known in Washington.

Colonel Birkhimer is well known in this city, having at one time served in the signal office here on special duty, and later having been stationed with his battery at Washington barracks for several months. While at the last named post he was assaulted by a private soldier named Thomas Gill because of alleged harsh and tyrannical treat-ment, and the affair attracted general at-tention. Gill was court-martialed and sentenced to a term of imprisonment. officer was exonerated from all blame in the matter. President McKinley inquired into the circumstances of this affair before directing the appointment of Colonel Birk-himer to the volunteer army and satisfied himself that there was nothing in his rec-ord to operate against his preferment, especially in view of his gallant and meri-torious services in the Philippine campaign

Col. Birkhimer was appointed to the Military Academy by Secretary Wilson of the Agricultural Department, then a memoer of Congress.

Col. Lyman W. V. Kennon was born in 1858 in Rhode Island, and appointed a ca-det to the United States Military Academy from that state by Mr. B. T. Eames, M. C. He was graduated in 1881; was assigned as an additional second lieutenant of the 1st Infantry; made second lieutenant of the 6th Infantry on the 19th of July, 1881; promoted to first lieutenant 16th July, 1889, and captain 7th July, 1897. He served with his regiment in Utah from 1881 to 1886, when he was appointed aid-de-camp to the late Major George Crook, and served in that capacity, and also as engineer offi-cer at headquarters, Department of the Platte, until 1800. He was a member of the board that prepared the present drill regulations for the army in 1891, and was a member of the Inter-Continental railway survey until April, 1897. During the war with Spain he served with distinction with his regiment in the Cuban campaign, and Col. Egbert, then in command of the regiment, but who has since been killed in the Philippines, reports that Capt. Kennon led his, the first company of the regiment, up San Juan Hill, and for his gallant conduct in that action was brevetted. He was appointed assistant adjutant general of volunteers in November, 1898, and has been serving since then as assistant adju-ant general, headquarters Division of

Capt. Kennon has been a close student of military history and was the pioneer in modern American military literature for instruction of troops. He is an author of note, and has contributed many valuable professional articles to the press of the country. He is an accomplished linguist and speaks the Spanish language with great fluency

### List of Field Officers.

All of the field officers of the new volunteer regiments have been appointed, the list being completed today, by the selection of the remaining colonels. The officers and their assignments follow:

Twenty-sixth Infantry, Plattsburg bar racks, N. Y .- Colonel Edmund Rice, major, 3d United States Infantry; Lleutenant Colonel William P. Duvall, captain, 1st United States Artillery; Major Edward D. Ander-son, first lieutenant, 10th United States Cav-alry; Major Frank A. Cook, late lieutenant colonel, 1st Rhode Island Volunteers; Major Joseph T. Dickman, captain, 8th United

States Cavalry.
Twenty-seventh Infantry, Camp Meade, Pa.—Colonel James M. Bell, major, 1st United States Cavalry: Lieutenant Colonel Albert S. Cummins, captain, 4th United States Artillery; Major George L. Byram, first lieutenant, 1st United States Cavalry; Major Edward B. Cassatt, first lieutenant, 4th United States Cavalry; Major Clyde D. V. Hunt, captain, A. Q. M. Volunteers. Twenty-eighth Infantry, Camp Meade, -Colonel William E. Birkhimer, captain United States Artillery; Lieutenant Col onel Robert W. Leonard, late colonel, 12th New York Volunteers; Major George H. Morgan, captain, 3d United States Cavalry; Major Elmore F. Taggart, captain, 6th United States Infantry; Major John B. Por-ter, late colonel, 2d Pennsylvania Volun-

Twenty-ninth Infantry, Fort McPherson, Georgia-Col. Edward E. Hardin, captain, 7th United States Infantry; Lieut. Col. Herbert H. Sargent, captain, 2d United States Cavalry; Major Evan M. Johnson, jr., captain, 19th United States Infantry; Major Harry L. Hawthorne, first lieuten-ant, 6th United States Artillery; Major David B. Case, late colonel, 4th Pennsyl-

rania Volunteers. Thirtieth Infantry, Fort Sheridan, Illinois -Col. Cornelius Gardener, captain, 19th United States Infantry; Lieut. Col. James R. Campbell, late colonel, 9th Illinois Vol-unteers; Maj. Leonard A. Lovering, captain, 4th United States Infantry; Maj. Mat-thew F. Steele, captain, 6th United States Cavalry; Major Thomas L. Hartigan, colonel, 7th Illinois National Guard.
Thirty-first Infantry, Fort Thomas, Kentucky-Col. James S. Pettit, captain, 1st

United States Infantry; Lieut. Col. Webb. C. Hayes, late major, 1st Ohio Cavalry; Maj. Hunter Liggett, captain, 5th United States Infantry; Maj. Lloyd M. Brett, captain, 2d United States Cavalry; Maj. John E. McMahon, first lleutenant, 4th United States Artillery. States Artillery

Thirty-second Infantry, Fort Leavenworth Kan.—Col. Louis A. Craig, captain, 6th United States Cavalry; Lleut. Col. Lewis H. Strother, captain, 22d United States In-fantry; Major Alexander B. Dyer, captain, 6th United States Artillery; Major Robert E. L. Spence, first lieutenant, 16th United States Infantry; Major Charles Ellet Cabell, late major, 6th Virginia Volunteers Thirty-third Infantry, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.—Colonel Luther R. Hare, captain, 7th nited States Cavalry; Lieutenant Colone John J. Brereton, captain, 24th United States Infantry; Major Marcus D. Cronin, captain, 25th United States Infantry; Major Peyton C. March, first lieutenant, 5th United States Artillery; Major Francis G. Ward. late lieutenant colonel, 202d New York Vol-

unteers.
Thirty-fourth Infantry, Ft. Logan, Colo.—
Colonel Lyman W. V. Kennon, captain, 6th
United States Infantry; Lieutenant Colonel
Robert L. Howze, first lieutenant, 6th United States Cavalry; Major William A. Robert L. Howze, first lieutenant, 6th United States Cavalry; Major William A. Shunk, captain, 8th United States Cavalry; Major Julius A. Penn, captain, 7th United States Infantry; Major Joseph Wheeler, Jr., first lieutenant, 4th United States Artillery. Thirty-fifth Infantry, Vancouver barracks, Wash.—Colonel William A. Kobbe, major, 3d United States Artillery; Lieutenant Colonel Edward H. Plummer, captain, 19th United States Infantry; Major Potentials of the Property of the Colonel Edward H. Plummer, captain, 19th United States Infantry; Major Potentials of the Colonel Edward H. Plummer, Captain, 19th United States Infantry; Major Potentials of the Colonel Edward H. Plummer, Captain, 19th United States Infantry; Major Potentials of the Colonel Edward H. Plummer, Captain, 19th United States Infantry; Major Potentials of the Colonel Edward H. Plummer, Captain, 19th United States Infantry Major Potentials of the Colonel Edward H. Plummer, Captain, 19th United States Infantry Major Potentials of the Colonel Edward H. Plummer, Captain, 19th United States Infantry Major Potentials of the Colonel Edward H. Plummer, Captain, 19th United States Infantry Major Potentials of the Colonel Milliam A. Kobbe, 19th Major Potentials of the Colonel Milliam A. Kobbe, 19th Major Potentials of the Colonel Milliam A. Kobbe, 19th Major Potentials of the Colonel Milliam A. Kobbe, 19th Major Potentials of the Colonel Milliam A. Kobbe, 19th Major Potentials of the Colonel Milliam A. Kobbe, 19th Major Potentials of the Colonel Milliam A. Kobbe, 19th Major Potentials of the Colonel Milliam A. Kobbe, 19th Major Potentials of the Colonel Milliam A. Kobbe, 19th Major Potentials of the Colonel Milliam A. Kobbe, 19th Major Potentials of the Colonel Milliam A. Kobbe, 19th Major Potentials of the Colonel Milliam A. Kobbe, 19th Major Potentials of the Colonel Milliam A. Kobbe, 19th Major Potentials of the Colonel Milliam A. Kobbe, 19th Major Potentials of the Colonel Milliam A. Kobbe, 19th Major Potentials of the Colonel Milliam A. Kobbe, 19th M 10th United States Infantry; Major Robert D. Walsh, captain, 9th United States Cav-alry; Major Walter C. Short, first lieutenant, 10th United States Cavalry; Major Albert Laws, first lieutenant, 24th United

### WILLIAM VISITS HOWARD GOULD.

German Emperor Entertained on Nev Yorker's Private Yacht. MOLDE, Norway, July 19 .- Emperor Wil-

iam of Germany early this morning spent an hour with Howard Gould on board the latter's yacht Niagara. On leaving Molde on board the imperial yacht Hohenzollern, the emperor waved his cap in adieu to Mr. Gould, and the stars and stripes were hoisted at the Hohenzollern's foremast. The Niagara left the harbor shortly after the departure of the German emperor.

Easily Beats the Britannia Over Yesterday's Course Reversed.

Capt. Birkhimer, 3d Artillery, and Prince of Wales Leaves His Yacht don Engagement

> COWES, July 19.-There was beautiful veather today for the trial of the yacht Shamrock, challenger for the America's cup, against the Britannia. There were big crowds, both ashore and affoat, to witness the race. The course today was yesterday's course reversed. The starting point was off the royal yacht squadron house, around the Solent Bank buoy, thence to the Nab lightship, finishing at the Spit

buoy off Portsmouth. The Prince of Wales boarded the Britannia shortly before the start.

There was a good southeasterly breeze blowing all the morning, but it softened considerably towards the time of the starting of the race. Both vachts carried club topsalis. A good start was effected at 10:12 a.m., the Shamrock crossing the line half a length ahead of her competitor, being very smartly handled. She had a new spinnaker set for the run to the Solent hank. Her sulls sowed to better them. Her sails seemed to set better than yesterday.

#### Breeze Becomes Light. The breeze almost died out as the yachts

stood along shore and the boats housed their spinnakers. The Shamrock then headed for the center of the channel to avoid oming becalmed on the lee of the island. The Britannia followed. There was but little air, and the yachts practically drifted during the next half hour. The breeze then revived and the Shamrock, which mean-while had slightly increased her lead, secur-

while had signify increased her lead, secur-ed a start, widering the gap that separated her from the Britannia, and rounded the Solent bank buoy at 11:20. The Britan-nia rounded the buoy at 11:21:35. The boats returned close-hauled on the port tack. There was only the faintest breeze, and the Britannia was getting the best of it, slightly reducing the lead. Near Cowes, however, the breeze freshened considerably, and the beat to the Nab lightship promised to show better time.

The Shamrock passed Ryde going toward the Nab lightship a mile and a half ahead of the Britannia, and finally won easily.

## Wales Goes Ashore.

The course as originally planned was not completed. When off Southsea the Britannia signaled that the Prince of Wales had an engagement in London, and requested that the race be considered over, as he must return to Portsmouth. The Shamrock was then twelve or fifteen minutes ahead. She was immediately turned homeword, and directly afterward grounded on a bank outside Horsefoot Fort. She remained fast for ten minutes, when she was safely and easily towed off and back to Southampton.

#### GEN. SHAFTER'S RETIREMENT.

Will Retire From Active Service in the Regular Army October 16.

Gen. Shafter, commanding the department of California, will be placed on the retired list of the army as a brigadier general on the 16th of October next, by operation of law, on account of age. He may continue on duty, however, beyond that date as a major general of volunteers, in case the President concludes that there is further need of his services. Precedents for such action were furnished by the cases of Gen. Graham and Gen. Coppinger, both of whom were continued in service as volunteer officers after they had been retired from the regular army on account of age. Gen. Shafter cannot remain on duty in the regular army after his statutory retire-ment without special authority of Con-

### ASSIGNED TO DUTY.

Officers Recently Appointed Sent to Their Regiments.

Officers recently appointed have been assigned to duty as tollows: Col. Luther R. Hare, 33d Infantry, to rt Sam Houston, Tex.

Lieutenant Colonel Robert W. Leonard, 28th Infantry, to Camp Meade, Pa. First Lieutenant Charles G. McDonald 27th Infantry, Camp Meade, Pa.

Lieutenant Colonel Albert S. Cummins, 7th Infantry, to Camp Meade, Pa. Major Lloyd M. Brett, 31st Infantry, at Fort Thomas, Ky.
Major George H. Morgan, 28th Infantry,
to Camp Meade, Ia.
Capt. Charles D. Roberts, 35th Infantry,

Vancouver barracks. Washington Major Elmore F. Taggett, 28th Infantry, to Camp Meade, Pa.

Twenty-seventh Infantry, headquarters

Camp Meade, Pa.: Captains William Judson, Walter F. Randall, William Judson, Walter F. Randall, William B. Gracie, First Lieutenants Dexter Sturgis, Julien E. Gaujot, John J. Kennedy, Theodore B. Taylor, Second Lieutenants Robert S. Knox Frederick H. Plummer and Louie

S. Knox Frederick H. Plummer and Louie St. C. Munford.

Twenty-eighth Infantry, headquarters Camp Meade, Pa.: Captains Samuel A. Price, John D. roasmun, Adam C. Carson, First Lieutenants John P. Teagarden, Harry A. Porter, Samuel Willetts, Alpha T. Easton, Charles W. Barber, John M. Dunn, Cyrus G. Bossieux, Frederick B. Neilson, nd Lieutenants Ralph M. Mitchell and

#### BIDS FOR NEEDLESS VESSELS. The Navy Department to Sell Some

Purchased Last Year.

Bids were opened at the Navy Department today for the sale of several vessels which were purchased by the department at the beginning of the war with Spain but which having been found unsuitable for service have been condemned.

First was the Gov. Russell, a wooden ferry boat which has been converted into an auxiliary gunboat. She came from Boston, and the bidder for her was the city of Boston. Its bid was \$25,000, which is \$10,000 less

than the appraised value of the craft. She cost the government \$71,000. Next was the East Boston, also a Boston ferry boat, of wood, of 631 tons, which had been converted to an auxiliary gunboat. The highest bidder in her case was Arthu

J. Phillips of Portsmouth, Va., at \$38,091, and, as the appraised value was only \$30,000, he will probably get the boat. She was bought for \$57,500 The Vulcan, formerly the Chatham, of the Merchant and Miners' Line, was converted during the war into a floating ma

chine shop.

She was of 3,530 tons and appraised at \$100,000. She cost the government \$350,000. For her Michael Jenkins of Baltimore, believed to be acting for the same company, bid \$175,750, nearly double the appraised

The Scipio was a 2,000-ton Scotch steamer used as a collier during the war. Her appraised value was only \$25,000, but Lewis Luckenbach of New York bid \$50,025, the Lickenbach of New 10rk bid \$50,025, the highest bid. She cost last year \$55,769.

The Niagara, a Ward Line steamer of 5,221 tons, which was appraised at \$60,000, was bid in by H. P. Booth of New York, at \$75,563. She also had been used as a col-

\$75.363. She also had been used as a col-lier. She cost \$200,000.

The yacht Enquirer, appraised at \$30,000, built in Buffalo in 1896, was withdrawn from the sale, being wanted by the War Department. The government bought her

#### To Represent Medical Department. Col. Charles H. Alden and Majors G. H. Torney and J. L. Powell of the medica department of the army have been detailed to represent that department at the eighth annual meeting of the Association of Military Surgeons of the United States at Kansas City, Mo., September 27-29, 1899.

Will Be Honorably Discharged. Captain E. A. McKenna, First Lieutenant C. E. Kilbourne, jr., and Second Lieutenant E. E. Kelly of the Volunteer Signal Corps now with their company at San Francisco will be honorably discharged, to take effect

September 14.

A Soldier's Death in Porto Rico. Gen. Davis, at San Juan de Porto Rico has telegraphed the War Department that Private Barney Haberstick, Company A, 5th Cavalry, died yesterday of typhoid fever. He was a resident of New England,

(Continued from First Page.)

sons of the Knights of Labor, who pre sons of the Anight's meeting in Cooper Union, did not want the men to strike, and he is said to have told them he would have nothing to dh with them if they

There were disturbances at several places and four men were arrested. It was said that those who were trying to get the men out were discharged employes.

What the Pickets Claim. The strikers' pickets claimed to have got men out on the 8th avenue. Columbia avenue, Broadway and 7th avenue lines. Cars were running regularly on these lines, however. The officials of the different lines claimed that there was not the slightest trouble on any line except the 2d avenue, and they said the trouble there would be adjusted in a little time.

adjusted in a little time.

A gang of strikers gathered at the stables at 6th avenue and 50th street, and tried to get the men there out, boarding cars as they arrived and asking the motormen and conductors to strike. After a time a squad of police arrived and drove the strikers away. Nobody was hurt.

A meeting was held to Canaral Master.

A meeting was held in General Master Workman Parsons' office this morning, which lasted for three hours. Parsons pleaded with the men not to strike, but they wanted to go out. He said it would be of no use at such a time, but he could not restrain the men, and he is said to have used strong language, telling them that he would have nothing to do with them.

At 6 o'clock this morning three pickets parded an 8th avenue trolley car at 44th street, and tried to pull the motorman off.

A policeman chased the men away.

Strike on New York Side. The strike spread to the 6th avenue line of the Metropolitan company, where a number of motormen quit work. The conductors refused to strike.

Four motormen of the Madison Avenue Underground Electric line tried to get into the company's barn at 88th street early this morning for the purpose of influencing other men to strike. They were arrested. The strike on the 8th avenue line commenced early. By 9 o'clock the strikers claimed that they had ninety men out and hat others were continually joining them. This statement was denied by Superintendent Settle, who said that only two men were absent, one of whom had reported

Four hundred policemen were scattered about the immediate vicinity of the stable. They prevented any man not at work from oing near the stable

Disturbances on Second Avenue. There were several disturbances on the 2d avenue line. At 116th street a spike was driven in the trolley slot and the road blocked. The same thing was done later at 102d street.

Frank Laly, a motorman, was induced to quit work at 116th street and 2d avenue. The motor handles were stolen, and the road was stalled until assistance could be obtained from the depot. A squad of po-lice came up and charged the crowd with their clubs, dispersing the strikers right and left. One officer had his uniform torn the scuffle. He arrested Laly for disorderly conduct.

A car was held up at 2d avenue and 120th street, by a crowd of men women and children throwing obstructions on the track. As the car was stopped a shower of stoffes assailed the crew and a policeman, who was on the front platform. The officer was hit by two stones, one of them cutting him. The crowd was dis-persed by a relief force of police.

Statement From Mr. Parsons. General Master Workman Parsons said oday that while he had advised against a strike today in New York, he would stand by the men to the last.

"I advised delay for a day or two," he said, "but now the strike is on I will make it the fight of my life to sustain the men in compelling an observance of the ten-hour law and the redress of other grievances. Now that the men have determined to act, the important issue that will most interest organized workingmen is to secure for the railway employes not only an ob-servance of the ten-hour law, but the right to maintain an organization, without any special reference to what national organizations their union may be attached to.

Attempt to Tear Up Tracks. tracks of the 2d avenue line at 94th street, only two blocks from the depot of the road, early this morning, but the pelice arrived on the scene before any damage had been

Commissioner Delehanty of the state board of mediation and arbitration said today that the board stood ready to meet and to try to adjust the difficulties between the railroad men and their employers as soon as both sides asked for their services. President Vreeland of the Metropolitan

ng:
"There is no strike and I defy them to tie our lines up. You can look on the streets and see for yourself that all our cars are

"Every line is in good shape except the 2d avenue line, where there was some slight disturbance this morning. The 2u avenue is the one that was recently acquired by the company and the men don't know me very well yet. But even if that line was to be tied up, it would not make any great amount of difference, for recently, while the change in motive power was being made, the line was tied up for nine months no one knew it as far as traffic was con-

An attempt was made to get the men on the Madison avenue line to strike, but most of these men were reluctant to quit their cars unless the strike were to spread to the ether lines.

On the 2d avenue line only ten runs were made on the night schedule. This is less than one-third of the usual number. This road employs 500 men, and during the busiest hours of the day runs from 150 to 200 cars.
A motorman of the 2d avenue line was

taking a car through 102d street about 7 o'clock, when he was set upon by a num-ber of strikers. He was saved from serious injury by the arrival of the police.

Along 2d avenue truckmen showed their sympathy with the strikers by deliberately keeping their trucks in front of cars, s that the motormen could not run as fast as they wanted to. The truckmen delayed the cars as much as possible until police men forced them to turn out or they to turn off to go to their destination.

#### DUSENBERY WILL NOT VACATE. Columbus, Ohio, Official Will Test His Case in Court.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, July 19 .-- Director of Public Safety J. W. Dusenbery, who was removed from office by the city council, has efused to vacate the office and would not even receive a copy of the resolution which was served by the deputy city clerk.

He proposes, to test the matter in the courts. Leading attorneys differ in regard

courts. Leading attorneys differ in regard to the legality of the council's action, some holding that while the removal was within the letter of the charter law, the charter law itself is unconstitutional in that respect.

### MARY ANN AMSELL HANGED. English Woman Who Polsoned Her Demented Sister.

LONDON, July 19 5T Despite strenuous efforts to secure a repfieve, including an appeal to the queen, Mary Ann Ansell, who was convicted of murdering her sister, an inmate of an insane asylum, by sending her poisoned cake, was hanged today at St. Albans. The crime for which Mrs. Ansell was executed was committed for the purpose of securing the payment of life insur-ance money, the murderess having obtained a policy upon the life of her sister, giving a false description.

### HANDY PHILOSOPHICAL PRIZES.

Mrs. John S. Newberry's Contribution to an Ohio University. DETROIT, Mich., July 19 .- Mrs. John S. Newberry of this city has given to Western Reserve University, Cleveland, \$2,500 to found the Handy philesophical prizes, in honor of her father, Mr. T. P. Handy of Cleveland. Prof. F. M. Warren, professor of the Romanic languages in Western Re-serve University, has declined the offer of the headship of the same department in

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 19.-Indiana-

polis is waiting for the Epworth League

hosts, who are expected here to attend

the fourth international convention of the

league. The convention will begin at 2:30

o'clock Thursday afternoon, and will close

Sunday night. There are over one hundred

addresses on the program. Meetings will

be held simultaneously at English Opera

House, Tomlinson Hall and at a big tent

The addresses will touch on many topics

of vital interest, including the liquor traf-

fic, which will be discussed in various

The city is prepared to receive the visit-

ors and to accommodate all who may come

Two canvasses of the city have resulted

in securing pledges for the accommodation

of 30,000 guests, with a reserve capacity for

Commission Will Return to Tarlac

Soon With Full Power.

MANILA, July 19, 5:55 p.m.-The Spanish

commission charged with negotiating for

on the war against the United States.

has been thirty-five inches, and in the last thirty-one hours twelve inches of rain has

Insurgents concealed on the bank of the

Rio Grande today fired on the gunboat Laguna de Bay, killing one soldier and

wounding two. The gunboat trained a Gatling gun upon the shore and quickly dispersed the insurgents.

DEFENDS GEN. OTIS' COURSE.

Volunteer Officer of That Name Dis-

casses the Round Robin.

CHICAGO, July 19 .- In an interview Gen-

eral Harrison Grey Otis declared his inabil-

ity to agree with the "round robin" issued

by the newspaper corresuondents in the

Philippines. General Otis is on his way to

Los Angeles, having been in Washington,

where he had a conference with the Presi-

He said: "General Otis should be heard

"The commanding general has not been

from before the 'round robin's discussed

unduly optimistic-rather the opposite. I know of cases where he had opportunities

of making highly favorable reports of his

military operations, but modestly refrained

He and his officers do not look with favor

on newspaper reports, which, with all in-tentions of being fair, are apt to be exag-gerated. I am satisfied that the official re-

ports from Manila in regard to our killed and wounded, as well as to deaths from

WORDS OF WELCOME FOR DEWEY.

Cordial Greeting.

VIENNA, July 19 .- The Neue Freie Presse

has an article today heartily welcoming

Freie Presse sees in the admiral the per-

him as a model soldier and gentleman

The Neue Freie Presse then says: "The great welcome extended to Admiral Dewey is intended not only for the hero, but, above

all, to the glorious representative of the American nation, to which Austria-Hun-

DETAILS OF CIMARRON FIGHT.

Sheriff Farr Killed and Deputy Love

Seriously Wounded.

SPRINGER, N. M., July 19.-The latest

and most authentic account of the fight be-

tween officers and train robbers at Cimar-

ron shows that only one man. Sheriff Farr

was killed. Deputy Marshal Love was crit-

ically wounded, a steel bullet striking a

knife in his pocket and driving it through

John Smith, who volunteered his services

to Marshal Foraker, was shot through the

fleshy part of the calf of the leg. The body

of Outlaw McGinnis, who was supposed to

certain that he is badly injured, and was

taken along by his partners in crime. Evi-dence was found at the outlaws' camp showing conclusively that they were the

it will be impossible for the bandits to

escape. They are supposed to be heading toward La Belle or Taos.

WILL SUE UNDER PENALTY CLAUSE.

Ohio Attorney General to Proceed

Against Steel Trust.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, July 19 .- It was stated

tional Steel Company would be along .i..er-

ent lines from those which have previously

VICTORIA, B. C., July 10.-August

Stuhrm, a German fisherman of this place,

left Victoria June 11 in an open boat for

Seattle, together with two or three China-

n.en. He has not since been heard from and it is believed he is either lost or has met with foul play at the hands of his companions.

his leg, inflicting a ghastly wound.

have been killed, cannot be found.

Folsom train robbers.

gary is united by so many ties of interest

Ruyter, Nelson and Tegetthoff.

Vienna Neue Freie Presse Publisher

disease, have been accurate.

dent.

as to its fairness.

from doing so.

lease of all the prisoners.

ports signed by Aguinaldo.

the court house lawn.

phases by notable speakers.

with rooms and lodging.

bour of Evansville

Monday.

Indianapolis in Readiness to Entertain the Democrats of National Importance Gathering in Chicago. Epworth Leaguers.

The Big Convention Will Open To- Issues for Next Year Expected to Be morrow Afternoon in Two Decided On-Altgeld-Harri-Halls in . That City.

# son Fight.

CHICAGO, July 19 .- Democra s of national importance began to arrive in Chicago today, and at noon there was quite a colony of distinguished members and advisers of the national committee ready to take part in the meeting of that body tomorrow at the Sherman House.

George Fred Williams of Massachusetts who is regarded as the eastern candidate for second place on the ticket with Bryan; John W. Tomlinson of Alabama, True Morcapable of seating 7,500 people, erected on ris of New Hampshire, Judge James P. Tarvin of Kentucky, a crowd of McLean men from Ohio and several more were on the ground. Just before noon ex-Governor Wm. J.

Stone of Missouri, who will act as chair-man of the committee in the absence of Senator Jones of Arkansas, and several of his associates arrived. The Kentuckians, including Senator J. S. C. Blackburn, Senator Goebel, recently nominated for governor: National Committeemen Woodson. Clark Howell of Georgia and others, were expected tonight.

10,000 more. Over 10,000 delegates have al-The opinion was generally expressed by the early arrivals that definite action on the issues to be fought for in next year's campaign would be decided upon at toready been assigned by name to homes in the city,
'The Epworth convention will open simultaneously at Tent Epworth and Tomlinson Hall. The choruses will be in place at both morrow's meeting.

Much interest was manifested in the trou-

places, and an enthusiastic opening is ex-pected. In the tent Hugh Daugherty of Bluffton will preside, and at Tomlinson Hall the chairman will be Frank M. Barole over tomorrow night's Auditorium meeting. The announcement of Mayor Harrison

and National Committeeman Gahan that The general topic for the meeting will be "The Methodism of Today." Governor Mount will deliver the first address of welthey would ignore the Auditorium affair created no end of talk, and W. J. Bryan's decision in the matter was anxiously awaited.

come in behalf of the state in the tent af-ter the devotional exercises.

At Tomlinson Hall, Senator Fairbanks, if Mr. Bryan was expected to arrive tonight or early tomorrow morning, and both sides to the controversy professed certainty as to he gets home, will speak for the state of his decision. It was reported that Mr. Bryan had already accepted an invitation to address the Auditorium gathering, and Indiana, welcoming the delegates. Incoming trains today were crowded with del-The convention will continue until the faction supporting that meeting declar-ed that it would now be impossible for him to refuse. TO RANSOM SPANISH PRISONERS.

### GERMANY'S EXCLUSION DECREE.

An Unpleasant Impression Caused by Her Attitude Toward Belgium. A disagreeable impression has been cre-

the release of Spanish prisoners held by ated here by the reported action of the Gerthe Filipinos expects to return to Tarlac man government in extending to Belgium soon, with full authority to secure the reits meat exclusion decrees. It is inferred here that this action was taken because The commissioners hope to be able to Belgium had yielded to the request of the make arrangements under which the money United States and rescinded its decrees exto be paid for the ransom of Spanish capcluding American cattle, the ostensible reatives will be deposited in the bank, to be son for the German decree being an apdrawn by the Filipinos at a future date, prehension that some of this American so that the money cannot be used to carry meat might come across the Belgian line into Germany. The extraordinary feature The Filipinos have refused to allow civilof the German decree is said to be the ian prisoners to embark on board a ship leaving Aparri, although they had passpeculiar haste exhibited in its promulgation, for the officials here have assured There have been terrific rains here dur-ing the last two days. In consequence it has peen necessary to use boats in moving themselves that not one single head of American cattle, good or bad, has yet been landed in Belgium since that country revoked its meat exclusion decree.

It is hoped here that the effect of this about the streets of Manila, and the whole country is flooded.
The total precipitation thus far in July

last action will not be injuriously manifest before the German reichstag reconvenes next fall, and takes the action promised by the German government looking toward the mitigation of the objectionable exclu-

#### Reciprocity With Portugal. The State Department has been informed,

through the Portuguese charge, that the reciprocity arrangement concluded between the United States and Portugal under the terms of section 3 of the Dingley tariff act will be published in Lisbon today. It is understood from this that the arrange-ment will be promulgated in the official gazette. Being an "arrangement" and no a treaty in the full sense of the term, it will not be necessary to submit it to the United States Senate, but will beoperative upon proclamation by the

### Will Drawn in 1847.

A certified copy of the will of Naomi Boone, dated October 27, 1847, was placed on record here this afternoon. The original was filed in Frederick county, Maryland. According to the terms of the will certain property in this city is bequeathed to Su-sanna P. Cloud.

### Death of Thomas McDougall. GREENVILLE, Ohio, July 19.-Thomas

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

McDougail of Cincinnati was found dead in his bed at his summer home near South Salem last night. Mr. McDougall was famous as a lawyer, and took a prominent part in the heresy trial by the Presbyterian general assembly of Prof. Briggs of Union Seminary, New York.

Brown to Hang August 18.

CUMBERLAND, Md., July 19 .- Gov. Admiral Dewey to Austria. Recalling the Lowndes this morning signed the death bold coup de main at Cavite, the Neue warrant of John Alfred Brown, convicted of the Rosenstein murder, fixing August 18 for the execution. The same day Armisted sonification of daring coolness and dwells Taylor is to be hanged for the same murder on his calmness and amiability, describing Mrs. Bens the Only Survivor. who will be placed in the category with De

### SEATTLE, Wash., July 19.-The loss of

twelve members of the steamer Elk expedition to Kotzebue sound is reported from St. Michaels by the steamer Roanoke. Twelve men perished at various points along the trail between the Selawek and Koyukuk rivers. Scurvy fell first upon them, then starvation and frost. Mrs. W. H. Bens of Bay City, Mich., was the only

#### Longshoremen Still on Strike. CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 19.-The 600 longshoremen who went on strike at the Erie docks yesterday are still out. A number of vessels loaded with iron ore are tied up at the docks, waiting to be unloaded. A meeting of the strikers will be held today to consider the situation

The indications are that the strike will be of short duration. Grain, Provisions and Cotton Markets. Furnished by W. B Hibbs & Co., bankers and brokers, 1419 F st., members New York stock exchange, correspondents Messrs. La-denburg, Thalmann & Co., New York. CHICAGO, July 19 .- Grain:

Wheat—Sept....
Dec....
Corn—Sept....
Dec... Marshal Foraker says that, badly handi-capped as they are with the wounded man, Oats-Sept.... CHICAGO, July 19.—Provision Low, Close, 9.17 9.22 9.22 9.25 5.55 5.57 5.60 5.62 5.22 5.22 5.27 5.30 Open. Righ. 9.35 9.40 9.35 9.35 5.62 5.62 5.67 5.70 5.32 5.32 5.37 5.37 Pork—Sept.
Oct.
Lard—Sept.
Oct.
Ribs—Sept.
Oct.
Oct. at the office of the attorney general that the action to be brought against the Na-

## Baltimore Markets

Baltimore Markets.

EALTIMORE, July 19.—Flour dull and easier; western super, \$2.15a\$2.25; do. extra, \$2.30a\$2.90; family, \$3.25a\$3.50; whiter wheat patents, \$3.65a\$3.55; spring do., \$3.85a\$4.10; spring wheat straight, \$3.40a\$3.50; receipts, 15.616 harrels; exports, 965 barrels. Wheat steady at decline; No. 2 red, spot and July, 70½a71; August, 71½a71½; September, 72½a72½; southern by sample, 63a72; do. on grade, 69a72; receipts, 97.665 bushels; exports, 149.571 bushels. Corn firm; spot, mixed, 38½a36%; No. 2 white, spot, 36½ asked; July, 36½a36%; Seamer mixed, 34½; southern white or yellow, 42 asked; receipts, 189.855 bushels; exports, 149.571 bushels. Oats steady but inactive; No. 2 white, 31a31½; No. 2 mixed, 29½a30. Bye dull. Hay firm, unchanged. Grath freights, more doing, rates steady; steam to Liverpool, 3d. asked, August, per quarter. Cheese unchanged. Butter unchanged. Sugar unchanged. Eggs unchanged. been instituted against the so-called trusts to oust them from their charters or from doing business in the state. This suit will be instituted under section 7 of the antitrust law. This provides that "each and every firm, person, partnership, corporation or association of persons who shall in any manner violate any of the provisions of this act shall for each and every day that such violations shall be committed or continued after due notice, given by the attorney general cr any prosecuting attorney, forfeit and ply the sum of \$50." It is stated suit to recover the forfeiture under the section mentioned will be insti-tuted in about thirty days.

### Government Bonds

per cents, registered. per cents, registered, 1308-1928... per cents, coupon, 1308-1928... per cents, registered, 1907.... per cents, registered, 1907.

per cents, coupon, 1907.

per cents, registered, 1925.

per cents, registered, 1925.

per cents, registered, 1925.

per cents, registered, 1904.

per cents, registered, 1904.

Asked.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

NEW YORK, July 19.-The better class of stocks, and by this classification meaning the investment issues of known value, were neglected in today's market as the result of the deterrent influence of purely local conditions. The strike along the lines of the street railways and the fear that the undercurrent of dissatisfaction might grow into a considerable difficulty made buyers

The railroad list held well within a fraction of its opening level and liquidation was not apparent. To the trade the market is logically one which should submit to raids and depression. Good earnings come and go and are followed a week later by equally good exhibits, but the stocks concerned do not advance. Consequently the room argues that lower prices should follow, and the idea of a caim and deliberate

refuses to be scared by the temporary evils of the labor revolt, and stocks sold are not so readily regained. The refusal to buy is entirely logical, because adverse conditions which are now applicable to the special list of securities in trouble with employes or stockholders may allow for a temporary decline elsewhere in sympathy.

The street is fully equal to the task of taking all offerings of good stocks on a

There was throughout the day a well-grounded fear that the Metropolitan com-pany might find itself involved in an awk-

the day the injunction was said to be cer-tain of dissolution, but later renewed doubt was in evidence and a sharp attack forced the price down 2 per cent from the best level of the morning. American sugar and the tobacco stocks

The political situation in Europe seems to be taking on a more pacific tone, and it is probable that the Bank of England's rate of discount may not be disturbed. Locally the money market has not reached the state of ease walch excludes it as a factor, but bankers see no reason for any concern on this point. The leaders of the original advance in the year's market are confident that at least one more genuine upward movement will be recorded before

# FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

American Cotton Oll ... 41% 42 41 41

Open. High, Low, Close

55% 56% 55% 55% m. Steel and Wire pfd. American Sugar American Tobacco. Atchison Adjustments... Baitimore & Onio, w 1... Brooklyn Rapid Transit. 135% :12% 51 % 57 % 57 % Central Pacino Chesupeage & Obio C., C. C. & St. Louis .... Chicago, B. & Q. Chicago Northwestern 185% 185% 1175 1175 181% Chicago, R. i. & Pacine. Cine St. P., M. & O. Chig. & G. Western. Consolidated Gas. ben. & Rio Grande, pla. Federal Steel 59% 57 Federal Steel, pfd.... General Electric Imposs Central 119 1:9% 115% 115% 218 116% 46% 84% 115% 72 outsville & Nashville ... Metropolitan Traction Manhattan Elevated .... Missouri Pacine M. K. & T., pfd... National Lead Co New Jersey Central 188% 50% 77% 47% 185% New York Central .. . 186% 50% 77% 47% 185% 128 49% 7; 47% 134% Northern Pacific. Northern Pacine, prd .... Pacific Mail.
Pennsylvania R. R.
Phila. & Reading.
Southern Pacific.
Southern Railway.
Southern Railway. Pacific Mail 8136 3234 5114 Southern Ry., plu..... Texas Pacino Tenn. Coal & Iron. Umon Pacific ..... S. Kubber. pfa.....

# Washington Stock Exchange,

Washington Stock Exchange.

Sales—regular call, 12 o'clock m.—Washington Gas, 25 at 53%, 25 at 25 at 53%, 25 at 2

to Be Neglected.

Street Railway Strike Causes Stocks

FEDERAL STEEL OFF TWO POINTS

Expected Activity in the Sugar and Tobacco Stocks.

GENERAL MARKET REPORTS

extremely timid.

survey of the field being substituted for a retreat is not grasped by the small operator for the decline.

A year ago the material now in the hands of the professional trader would have been used to force concessions of at least 10 per cent. Today the real owner of stocks refuses to be scared by the termovers.

scale downward. There may be no im-mediate effort to do so, however. If earn-ings increase and prices decrease the greater the bargain created.

ward strike, and this, it was conceded would force prices down somewhat. Com-mission houses of the shifty sort were in-clined to advise sales for a turn during the present period of doubt.

The Federal steel dividend was also a factor during the day, the common stock being strong and weak by turns. Early in

show some indications of preparatory oper-ations looking toward greater activity These operations in their initial stages are difficult of solution, but good judges are confident that the wishes of inside interests are to see higher rather than lower

prices are materially or permanently re duced.

# New York Stock Market.

57% 80 119% 115% 72

### 90 ¼ 60 ½ 90 % 60 % Western Union Ter.

Wabash, pfd

At Southampton-Lahn, New York.

At Queenstown-Teutonic, from New

York, for Liverpool.